

The Banner.

FRANK HARPER, Editor

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5 MONUMENT SQUARE

AN INEXCUSABLE EXCUSE

A witness before the legislature's graft probe committee disclosed methods by which the state was robbed of thousands of dollars through a system of commissions and padded bills. The clerk in the state fire marshal's office accused of such transactions while Hy Davis was fire marshal, is now dead.

While Hy Davis may not be technically responsible, there is not a Republican paper in Ohio that would not hold him morally responsible for the conduct of his office. If Davis were a Democrat you can put that down for a dead moral certainty.

If Davis did not know what was going on under his nose he had a chance to find out when the senate probe committee of two years ago tried to get at the facts. Davis insisted then and has insisted ever since that there was nothing wrong with the records of his office. Recent disclosures do not substantiate such a claim, regardless of the question of responsibility. The fact stands revealed that there was graft in the fire marshal's office whether Davis knew it at the time or not, and that is the main point used.

GETTING AT THE TRUTH

A grand jury at Cleveland after investigating the high cost of living finds that butchers are not to blame for the reason that they are under the thumb of the packers and cannot obtain a reasonable return on their business without charging excessive prices.

That helps to clear away the hallucination extant some time ago about the middle men being to blame. So we come back to first principles again.

Governor Harmon said in his special message to the legislature in effect that neither the farmer nor the dealer is to blame for the high prices because of the fact that there is too great a difference between the prices paid by the consumer for the same commodities. For that reason he advised that the tariff lid be lifted and a peep taken into the real inside of the situation.

You can understand why a sensible suggestion like that was not acted upon by the food probe committee—its chairman being a Republican editor who has long defended the "sacred tariff" in his newspaper.

Some grand juries come nearer getting at the truth of the matter than the probe committee dominated by a Republican editor for its chairman.

A REBUKE THAT WILL COUNT

Instead of rebuking Governor Harmon by laying on the table his special message relating to lobbyists, the Republican majority of the state senate succeeded only in further belittling itself.

All this can easily be corrected by electing next November a senate with a Democratic majority and also make sure that the legislature of Ohio will have a higher purpose and something better to do than to study up ways to rebuke a governor who is giving the people the best possible service under the circumstances.

The rebuke that will count most and do the most good for the state of Ohio will be administered by the people at the polls in November by making sure of the Democratic majority in both houses and senate to put an end to the partisan trickery and disgraceful display of peanut politics by the present legislature through-out its special session last year and made still more conspicuous since the beginning of the present session.

NEW SHIP FOR THE HAWAIIAN TRADE

Baltimore, Md., March 21.—The steamship Kentucky, built for the Hawaiian Steamship Company, was successfully launched today at the yards of the Maryland Steel Company. The christening ceremony was performed by Miss Nancy Johnson, daughter of Representative Johnson of Kentucky. A large crowd of spectators witnessed the initial plunge of the big vessel.

Never so complete a stock of rugs shown and in as great variety of patterns and sizes as you can see at Arnold's. Fit any size room or place in good shape. Do not make any mistake but see this stock before you buy any kind of floor coverings.

PENROSE FORCES CAR MAGNATES TO KNEES

Then Philadelphia Carmen Refuse to Accept Terms of Surrender.

CAR STRIKE ALL BUT SETTLED

Senator Tells Reluctant Directors of Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company He Will Wreck Business Unless Demands Are Acceded To—Men Gain Nine-Tenths of Demands, but Hold Out For More—Mahan May Leave Them to Fight Alone.

Philadelphia, March 21.—After United States Senator Penrose broke the carmen's strike by forcing the Rapid Transit company into a complete surrender, and the citizens were beginning to draw long breaths of relief, the announcement came that the committee of 19, representing the carmen alone, had refused to accept the terms of settlement.

One by one Senator Penrose called before him the reluctant directors of the Philadelphia Rapid Transit company and forced them to accept the terms that were outlined last Friday by powerful interests. President Kruger of the P. R. T. halted and protested. Clarence Wolf, the vice president, hailed from Atlantic City by a telegram from Penrose, argued unavailingly. Ballard, the chief counsel, tried to smooth the retreat of the P. R. T. Nothing served to move the man who had become the boss of the situation.

Penrose brought his hand down on the big table in his office with a bang that shook the chandeliers. He said that he would break the company into smith and scatter the pieces over the streets if they continued to hold out another hour. He told them that he would use every ounce of power he had to smash the company if they continued to back and fill.

He reminded them of the dubious position they were in. Threatened to get legislation that would force them to make terms less pleasant than had been submitted. He more than hinted at a receivership. He spoke as a man speaks who knows that councilmen dance when the right strings are pulled. He dared the directors to risk action by the common and select councils.

Finally Surrendered.

The Rapid Transit officials caved in. They agreed to everything that Senator Penrose demanded, guaranteeing terms that give the carmen's union nine-tenths of everything they demanded. Even recognition of the Amalgamated union, through a grievance committee, is included in the capitulation. First of all the company agrees to take back all of the men on strike and to restore them to their old runs and their priority on the wage and promotion lists. The proviso is made that if the company is unable at once to restore all of the old men to their jobs it shall pay \$2 a day to all that are kept waiting, and that these shall receive their former jobs within two months.

The status of the 173 motormen and conductors who were discharged for intoxication, knocking down fares and for the good of the service—the act which precipitated the strike—is to be left to a board of arbitration of three men. The company is to name one man, who will be President Kruger, no doubt; the union is to name the second, Timothy Driscoll, in all probability, and these are to select the third. In agreeing to this the company knuckles down to the principle of arbitration, which it had uncompromisingly held out against up to the last hours of the fight.

Lose Sole Recognition.

The company must, according to the terms, deal with its employees through a grievance committee of 19 men, one from each barn. In this the strikers lose sole recognition of their own union. They are entitled to a representative from every barn they control. This grievance committee of 19 is to select a subcommittee, the number of which has not been settled yet, which is to deal directly with the P. R. T. officials whenever differences arise.

The strikers won a point in the matter of wages. By their old agreement they were to receive 23 cents an hour, beginning June 1, 1910. They were getting 22 cents when they struck. By the agreement forced by Senator Penrose they go back to work at 23 cents an hour and they will be raised to 23½ cents on June 1 next. The new men taken in by the company and for whom places may be found are to receive 22 cents an hour.

GET ALL; WANT MORE.

Union Committee May Undo Work of Senator Penrose.

Philadelphia, March 21.—The committee of 19, representing the carmen only, refused to accept the terms, holding out for sole recognition of their union and the exclusion of the Keystone union. They sent representatives back to Penrose asking for better terms, but since Mahon, na-

tional president of the carmen, was a party to the agreement, as was a subcommittee of the committee of 10, the propositions will be put up to the strikers for a vote this afternoon. The rejection by the 19 is not binding on the whole body. If the strikers vote the terms down Mahon will withdraw the support of the international union. Greenwalt will call off the state strike and the strikers will be left high and dry. The best opinion is that the strikers will have to accept the terms. It is barely possible that they may get a further concession regarding exclusive recognition.

JAMES H. CASSIDY

Ohio Congressman Who Wanted to Insure but Was Paired.



Beards in England.

It was about 1855 that the beard movement took hold of the English people. The Crimean war had much to do with it. The soldiers were permitted to forego the use of the razor, as the hair on the face protected them from the cold and attacks of neuralgia. About this period only one civilian of position in England had the hardihood to wear a mustache. This was George F. Munz, member of parliament for Birmingham. The enlightened electors, however, did not take kindly to the bearded politician. An officer candidate on one occasion received an intimation from the leader of his party that his mustache might prejudice him in the eyes of the rural population. The candidate replied that he was "determined to face it out."—Westminster Gazette.

Circular Talk.

The judge's son had just finished his course in law and came home triumphantly with his sheepskin in a due frame. The old judge turned to his son with some wholesome advice. "My son, when you have a case in court and your opponent has the law on his side, you must talk facts, and when he has the facts on his side you must talk law." The young man sat and pondered awhile and then asked, "Father, what must a fellow do when his opponent has both the law and the facts on his side?" The judge looked wise and replied, "Just talk around and around, my son."—Success Magazine.

Died in Place of a Younger Man.

A charge was made at a wall lined with French infantry. Sergeant McQuade of an English regiment saw two Frenchmen level their muskets on rests against a gap in a bank awaiting the appearance of an enemy. Sir George Brown, then a lad of sixteen, started to ascend at the fatal point. "You are too young, sir, to be killed," said McQuade, pulling him back and stepping into his place. He fell dead, pierced with both bullets.

Taking a Chance on Him.

"What was you askin' for the widder's bonnet, mum?" "Well—er—I thought ninepence." "It's very ill, mum. I think I'll risk it."—London Tatler.

Sarcastic.

Husband—After all, civilization has its drawbacks. People in the savage state seldom get ill. Wife (sweetly)—I wonder if that's the reason you're so healthy.

If a man could have half his wishes he would double his trouble.—Franklin.

A Month Without a Full Moon.

The month of February, 1866, was the most remarkable month in the world's history. January had two full moons, and so had March, but February had none. This had not occurred since the creation of the world, and, according to some astronomers, the same thing may not occur again for a period of 2,500,000,000 years.

Just Like Iron.

"See here," said the irate customer as he entered the clothing store, "you said this pair of trousers would wear like iron. I've worn them less than six weeks, and now look at them. Do you call that wearing like iron?" "Well, why not?" rejoined the proprietor. "Aren't they rusty enough to suit you?"—Chicago News.

Sounded Like a Game.

"We had an African explorer at the club last evening. He talked of progressive Abyssinia." "Sounds interesting. How do you play it?"—Louisville Courier Journal.

OBITUARY

Mrs. Nannie Marie Kirkpatrick was born Jan. 29, 1871, in Knox county, O. She was a daughter of Ingham Kinsey and Nannie M. Allen Kinsey. She was reared from infancy at Millwood, Ohio, by her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Ulysses Kinsey. She is survived by a daughter, Mrs. Hal French of Woodward, Oklahoma, and a half-sister, Mrs. Clinton Howard, of Pike township, Knox county, O., and an uncle, C. K. Kinsey, of Bucyrus, O., Jesse Clark and Miss Flora Allen Mrs. Albert Clew, Mrs. J. W. Rine and Mrs. Frank Ryan of Danville. Her grandparents on her mother's side were Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Allen of Danville, O. She died March 14, 1910, at the home of Mrs. Clinton Howard in Pike township. She joined the Methodist church at Millwood at an early age, and later joined the Cumberland Presbyterian church. She was married to John H. Kirkpatrick about the year 1890. Funeral service was conducted by Rev. R. M. Grossman at

Mt. Zion C. P. church and interment made at Workman cemetery near Danville, Ohio.

OBITUARY

Elizabeth M. Hughes was born May 20, 1837, in Knox Co., O., died March 16, 1910, aged 72 years, 9 months and 26 days. She was married to A. J. Rinehart Feb. 20, 1857. To them were born nine children, 8 of whom are still living. She was brought up under the influence of the Baptist church. She was a devoted and industrious wife, a kind mother, always interested in the welfare of her family. She leaves a husband, eight children, twenty-three grandchildren and two great grand children, beside two sisters and many friends who will sadly miss her, but none so much as her husband, who is left alone.

Funeral held at the home in Mt. Liberty Friday, March 18, conducted by Elder McBroom. Interment in Mount View cemetery at Mt. Vernon, Ohio.

The Sewing Light
The Rayo Lamp

makes the long evening brilliant with its steady white light for sewing or reading. Made of brass, nickel plated and equipped with the latest improved central draft burner.

The Rayo is a low-priced lamp, but you cannot get a better lamp at any price.

Once a Rayo user, always one
Every Dealer Everywhere. If Not At Yours, Write for
Descriptive Circular to the Nearest Agency of the
THE STANDARD OIL COMPANY
(Incorporated)

EASTER ANNOUNCEMENTS**Easter Sale of Spring Suits**
The Styles Are Distinctive

Materials range from the smoothest to the roughest goods, from the lightest to the darkest. The preference is for diagonal serges, fine homespuns, and "invisible" and "shadow" checks and stripes in wortseds.

The highest grade of workmanship is represented in these garments. You would not derive more satisfaction by having your suit made to order and paying double the price. A suit to fit any figure.

Prices from \$12.50 to \$35.00**Ladies' Silk Costumes**

A new line of ladies' hand-tailored silk dresses in black, blue, reseda, grey and blue and white stripes. **\$25 & \$35**

Dress Accessories—This week you will need many small articles; little things to give a touch of newness to the Easter outfit, such as belts, belt pins, neckwear, gloves and hosiery. These departments are full to overflowing with the newest ideas in dress accessories. We extend a cordial invitation to look them over.

Children's and Infants' Wear—We received this morning a sample line of children's Confirmation dresses. They are lace and embroidery trimmed; sizes 10 to 14 years. Prices **\$1.50 TO \$3.95**

Pretty Capes for Children—2 to 6 years. Some with hoods attached, some without hoods. In navy, red, cadet blue. Sizes 2 to 6 years. Prices **\$2.95 TO \$4.50**

Infants' Capes—In Bedford Cord, Pique and Poplin. **98c TO \$3.50**

Children's Short Coats—Sizes 2 to 6 years, in Poplin, Serges, Pique and Linen. Prices **98c TO \$3.50**

Children's Lace and Embroidery bonnets **15c TO \$1.50**

Children's Straw Bonnets—Prices **15c TO \$1.98**

Ladies' House Dresses—We have enough house dresses to stock three stores. They are made up in one and two piece styles. Materials are seersuckers and toile du nord. All colors **\$1.25**

Ladies' Kimonos—In figured lawn and crepes, all colors. Prices **69c TO \$3.00**

Gingham and Percale House Jack-ets—In all colors. **48c TO 98c**

Corset Covers—We have a corset cover made with four rows of insertion ribbon trimmed; worth at least 39c; special while they last **25c**

Muslin Underwear at Reduced Prices—There are a few muslin petticoats, lace and embroidery trimmed, flounces 12 to 30 inches deep, drops with ruffled edge. They are worth much more than prices marked but are slightly soiled; to close at. **48c, 98c, \$1.48, \$1.98, \$2.48**

Ladies' Muslin Drawers—Lace and embroidery trimmed; slightly soiled. Prices **19c, 23c, 29c, 39c**

Skirts

A special Easter sale of skirts in all wool materials and all colors, values from \$5 to \$7.50; while they last

\$3.98**Floor Coverings**

Now is the time to look for that floor covering. We have complete lines of Matting, Oil Cloths, Linoleums, Carpets and Rugs. Here are a few specials for this week:

Seamless Colonial Rug—9x12 \$27.50 value now **\$20.00**

Seamless Tapestry Rug—9x12 \$20 value now **\$16.50**

Axminster Rug—9x12 \$22.50 value now **\$16.50**

Seamless Manor—9x12 \$15 value now **\$11**

Best All Wool Carpet—75c value, now, per yard. **59c**

Good All Wool Carpet—65c value, now, per yard. **49c**

A. A. Dowds Dry Goods Co.
THE STORE OF QUALITY